

E&P Offshore Acreage in Greece: 2019 Roadmap

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Vice President HHRM SA

Establishment of HHRM by Law 4001/2011

- The law introduced HHRM as :

“A Competent Independent Authority, exercising exclusively the Hellenic Republic’s rights on Hydrocarbon resources (managing upstream activities and licensing)”

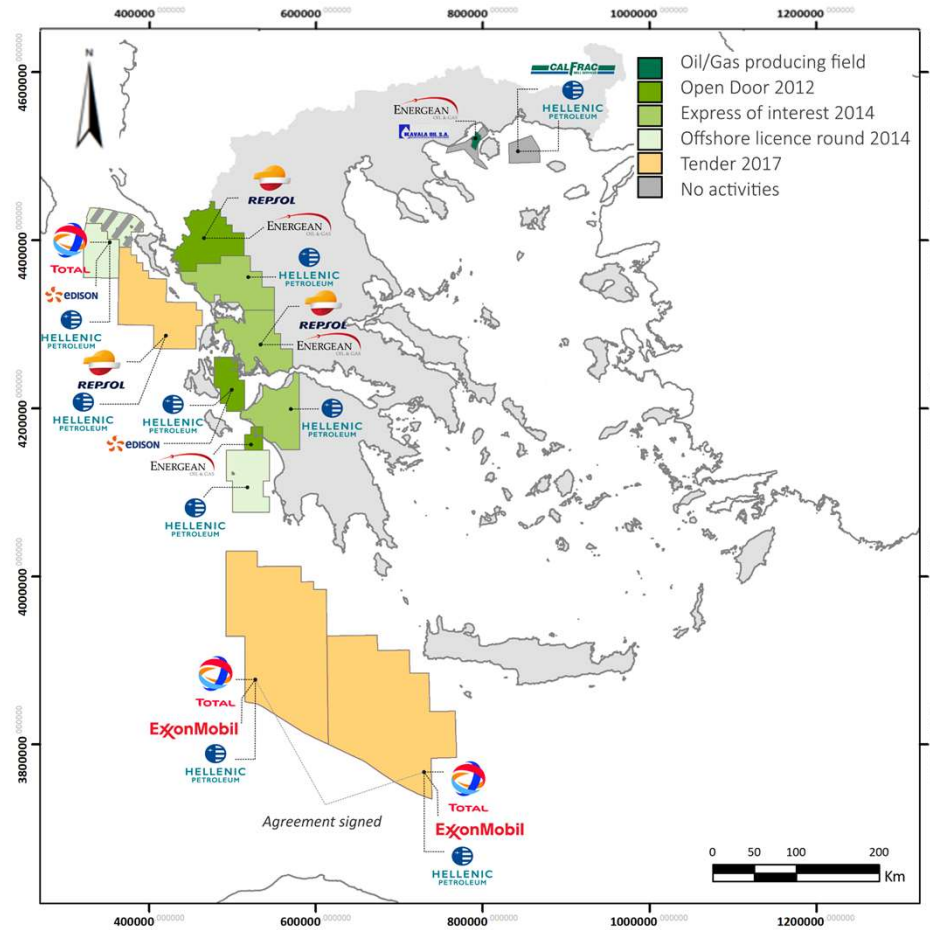
- **HHRM is a 100% State owned Company but not a NOC !**

Hellenic Hydrocarbon Resources Management SA

HHRM SA

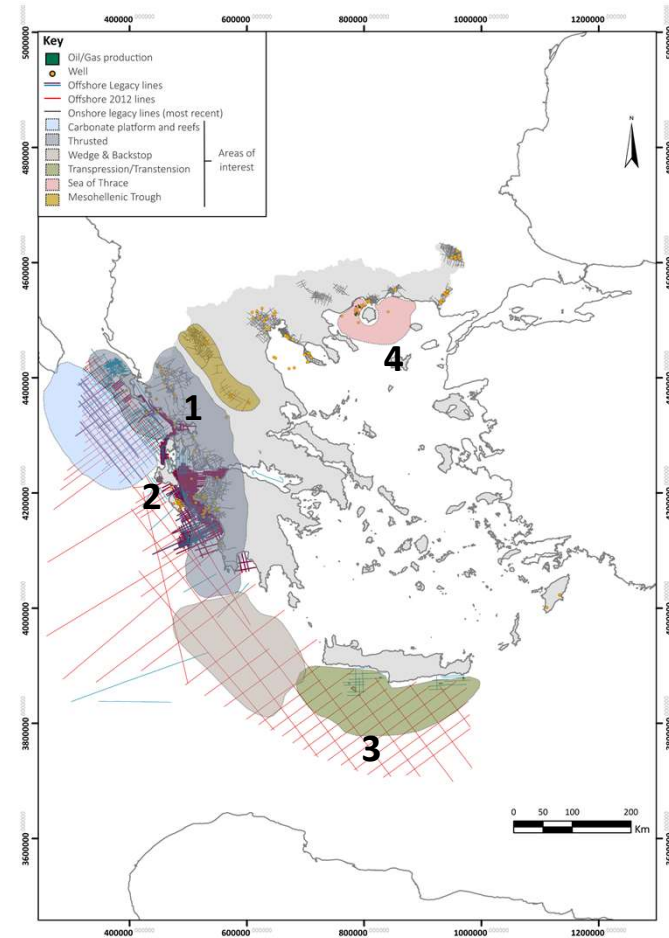
1. exercises the management for State account of Hydrocarbon rights (including prospecting, exploration & exploitation) for the public benefit.
 - The HHRM, as lessor, proceeds to tenders, receives bids, evaluates, negotiates and concludes Lease Agreements with third parties.
 - The Agreements are signed by HHRM SA and the Contractor and are submitted to the Minister of Environment and Energy for approval.
 - The right of hydrocarbon prospection is granted by decision of HHRM SA.
2. HHRM has been also appointed as the Competent Authority for Offshore Safety in Oil and Gas Operations in Greece since July, 2016, through Law 4409/2016 (transposition of Directive 2013/30/EU).

Awarded areas in focus: Current blocks situation in Greece



Greece and hydrocarbons: Principle Tectonic settings

1. The active Fold & Thrust Belt (Hellenides)
2. Kefalonia Fault (KFT)
3. Africa slab subduction (Aegean Island Arc)
4. NAF



1. Offshore (Western Greece)

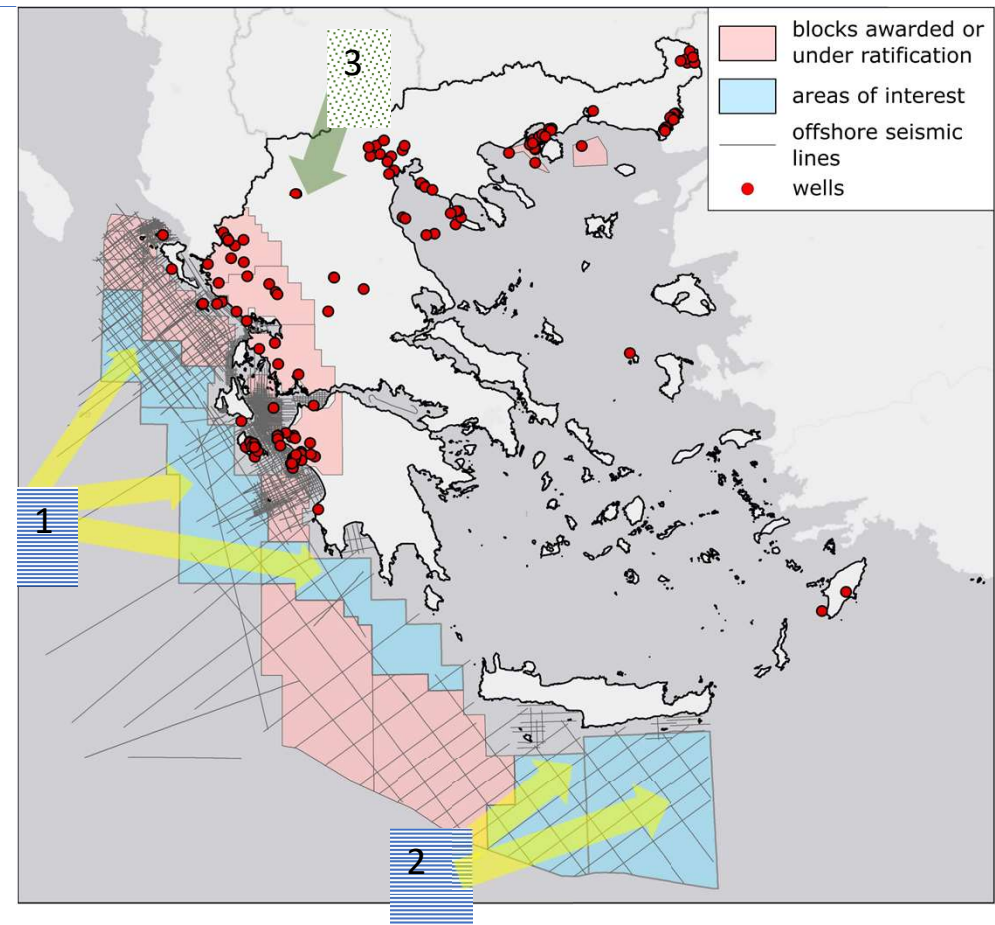
- Central Ionian Sea (N & S part)
- South of Peloponnesus

2. Offshore

- South of Crete (central & eastern part)

3. Onshore (Central Greece)

- Mesohellenic Basin
- Under technical evaluation



Main Challenges vs Advantages (Offshore)

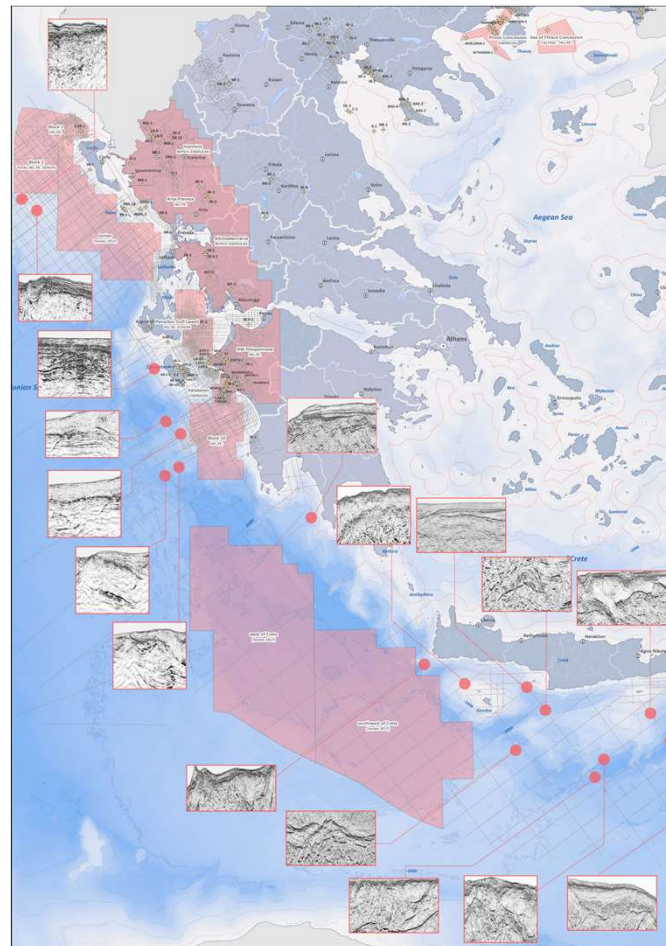
Main challenges

- Frontier areas (sparse seismic 2D grid, to the south)
- Sea-water depths
- Structural elements such as the Kefalonia transform fault and its consequences, South of Crete complexity
- Source Rocks
- Environmentally protected sectors & tourism

Main advantages

- Discoveries in W Greece, Oil & gas shows and seeps, Albanian [basin] and Italian analogues [platform]
- Wells to correlate (Ionian Sea, absent in Crete)
- Large acreage-potential blocks to explore
- EastMed Pipeline Project in progress (S. of Crete), TAP underwater (N Ionian)
- Fiscal regime

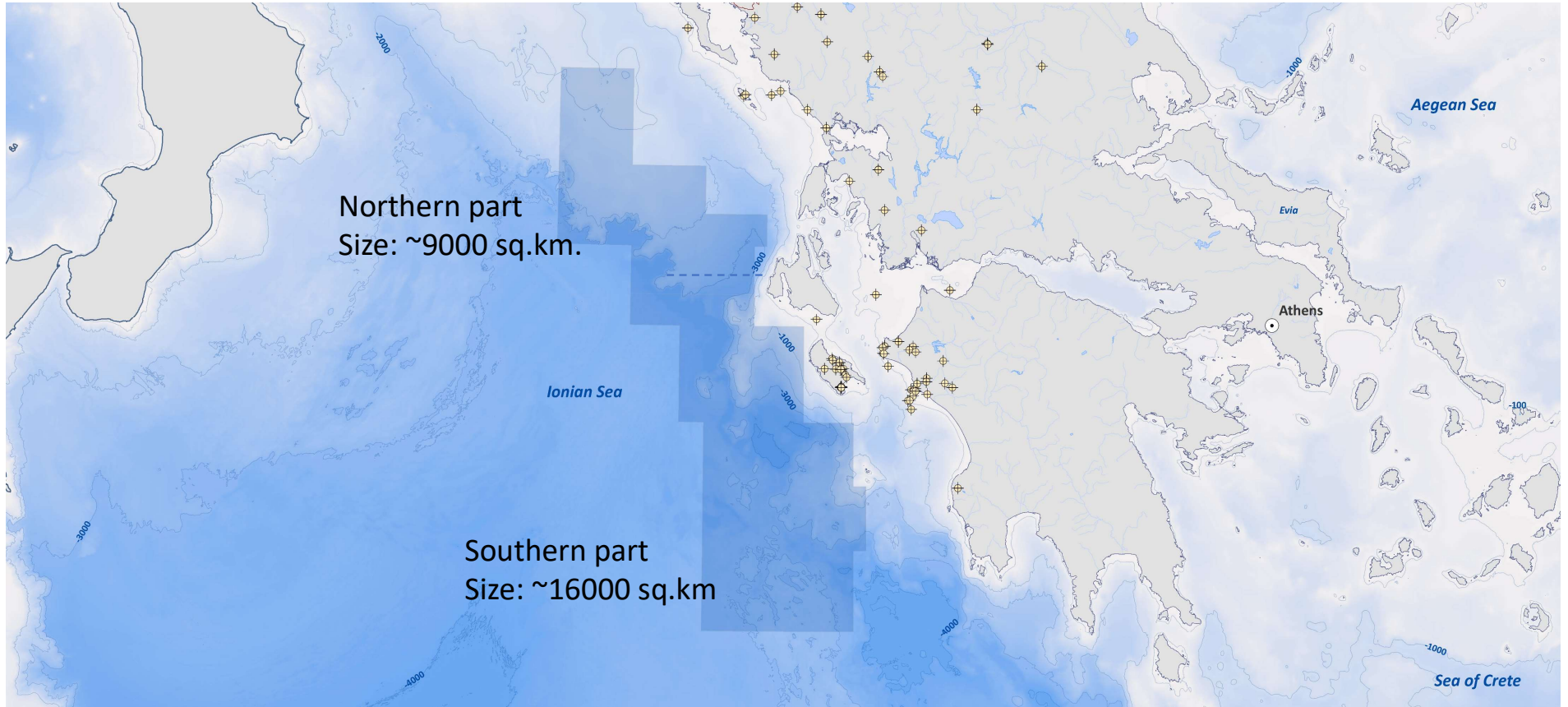
Plays in the available Offshore Acreage



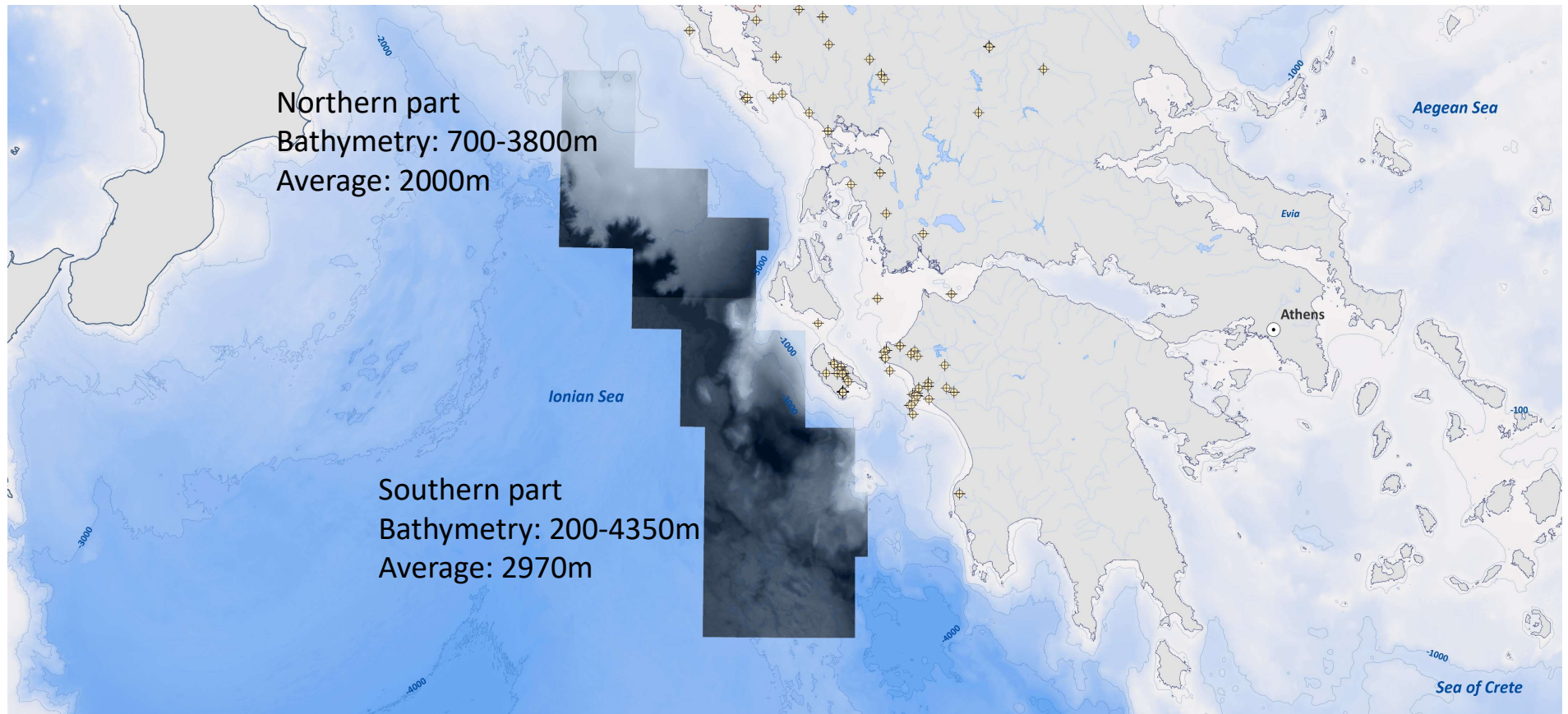
Plays identified using
PGS's newly
reprocessed PSDM data



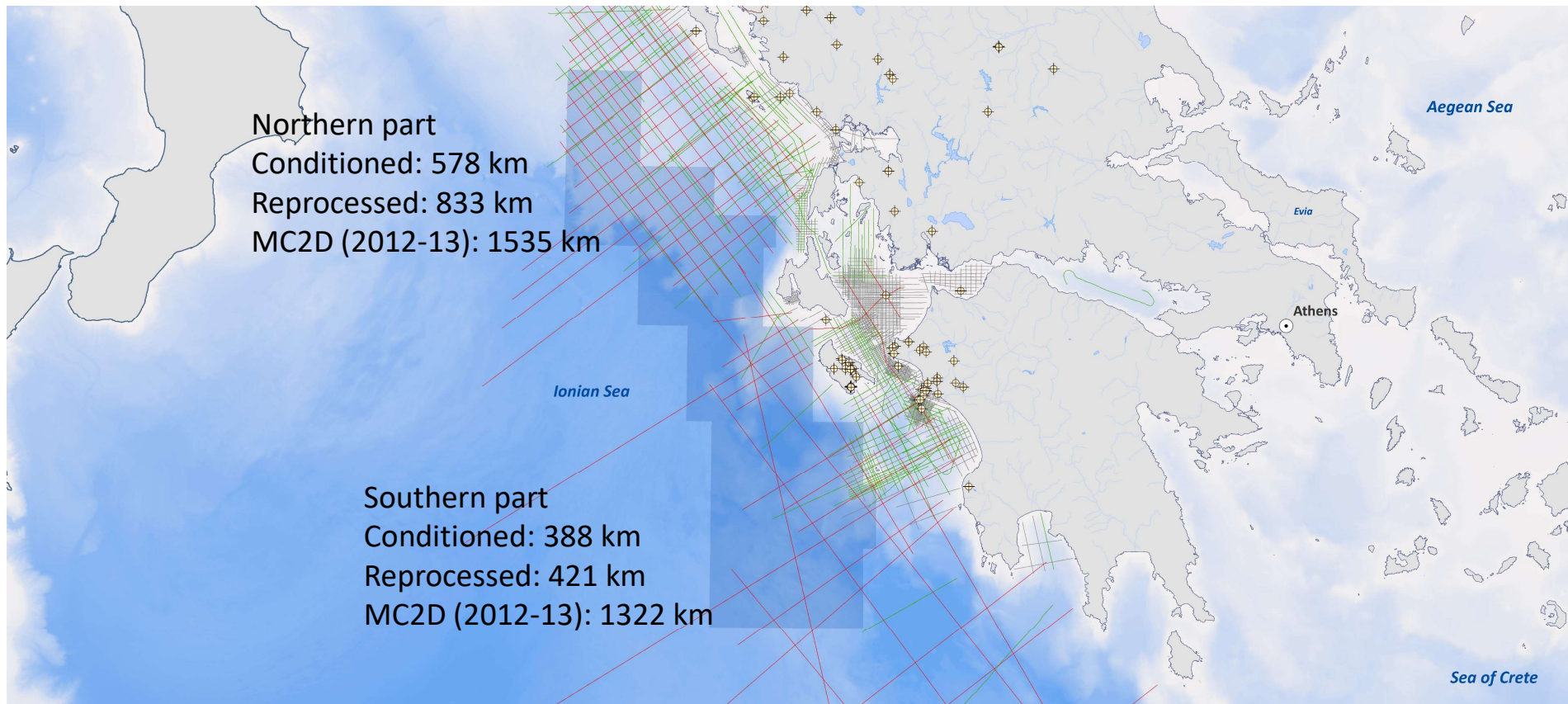
Offshore Central Ionian Acreage



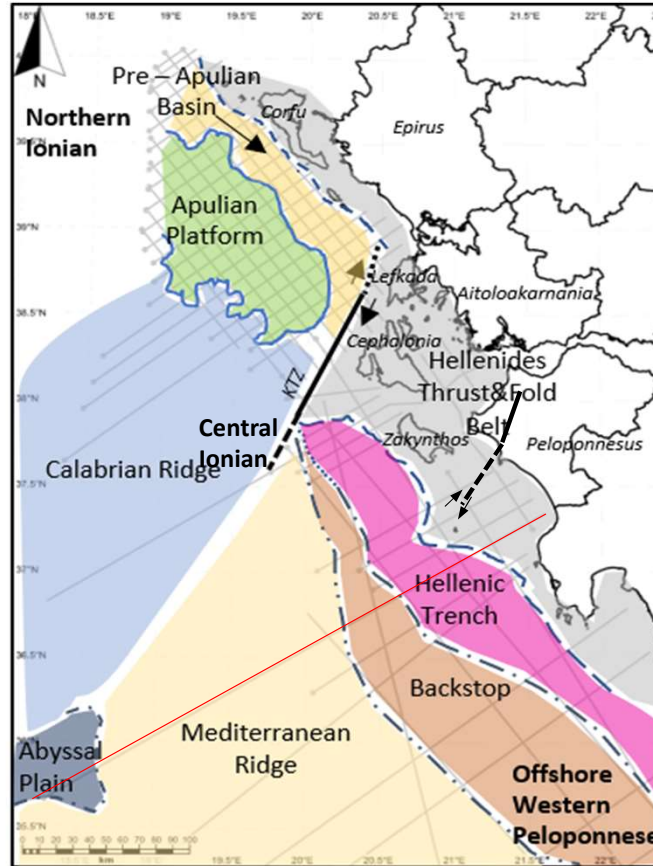
Offshore Central Ionian Acreage: Bathymetry



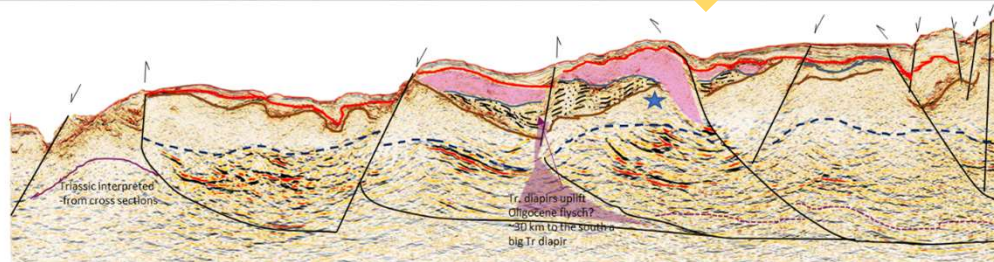
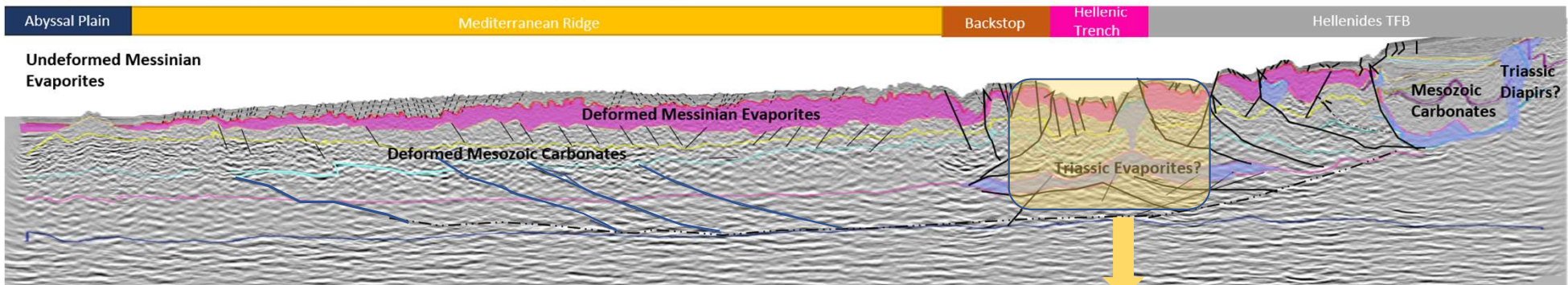
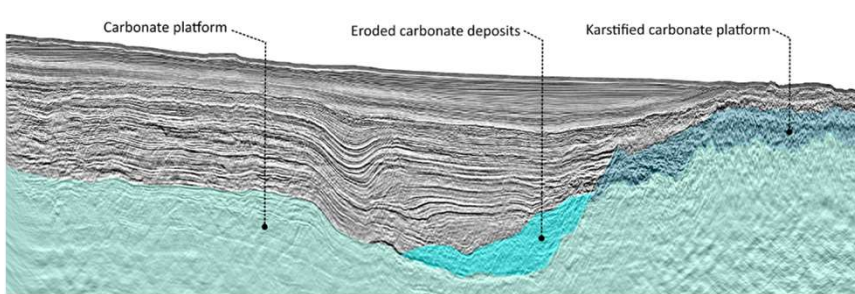
Offshore Central Ionian Acreage: Seismic coverage



Tectonic setting : Central Ionian Sea

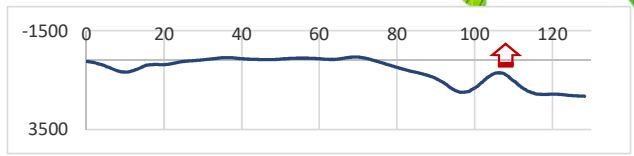
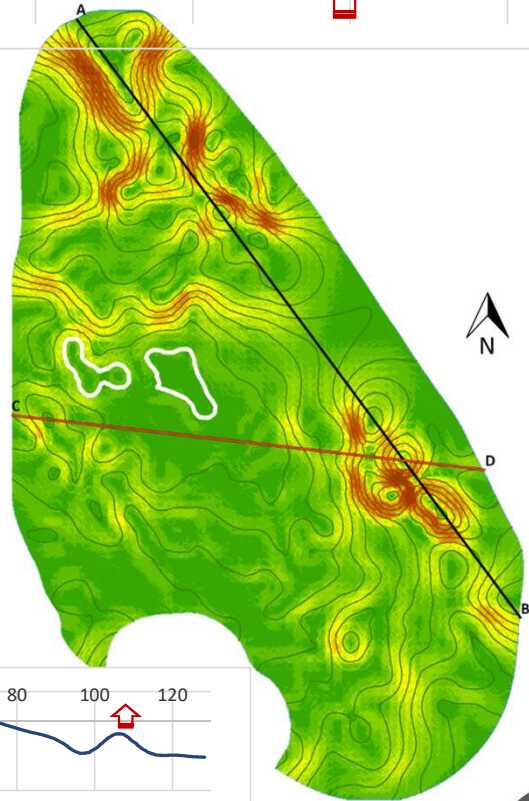
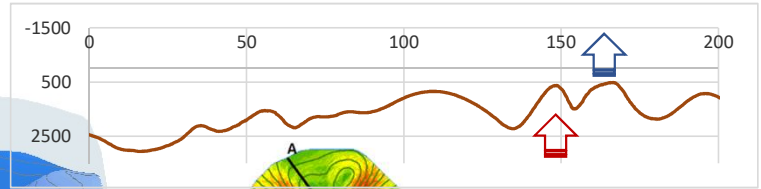
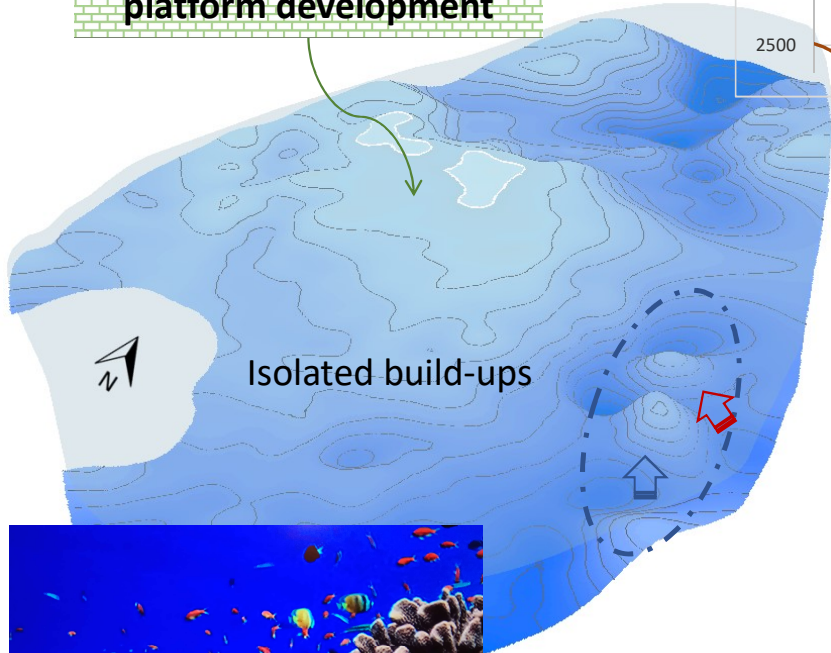


What we are currently studying in Offshore Western Greece

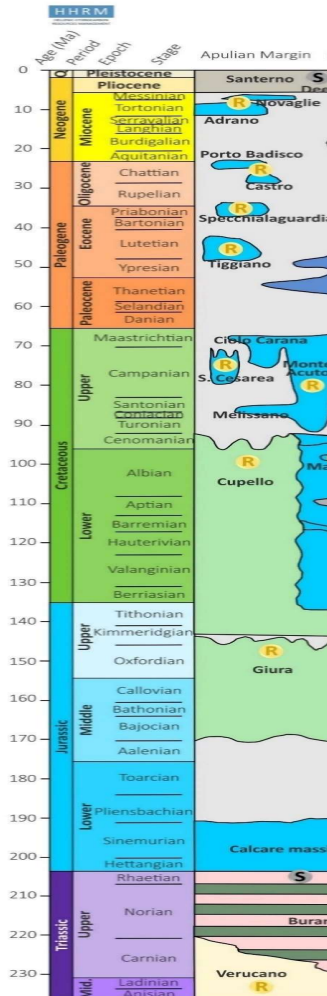


Cretaceous

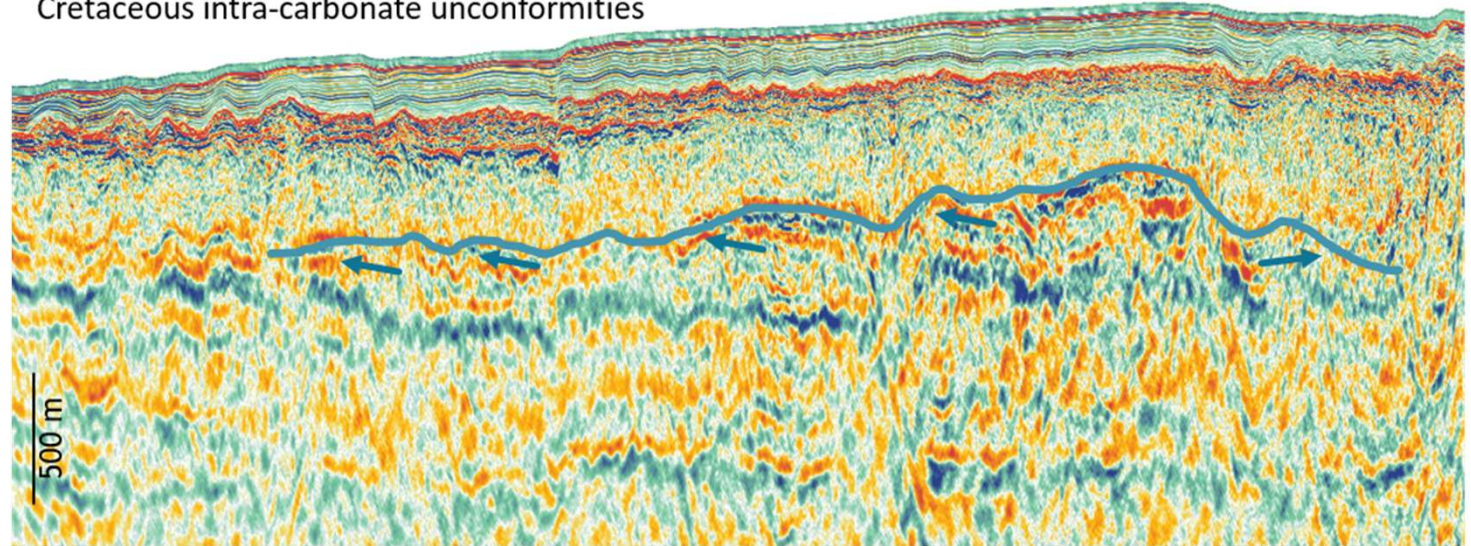
Cretaceous: Extensive platform development



Apulian Platform: Seismic character

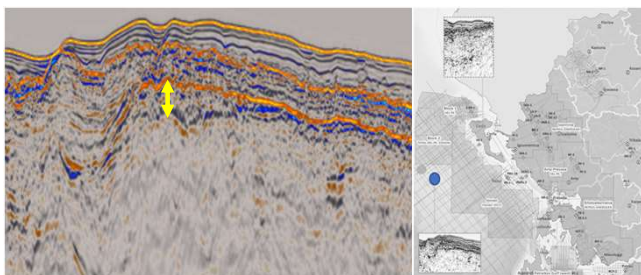


Cretaceous intra-carbonate unconformities

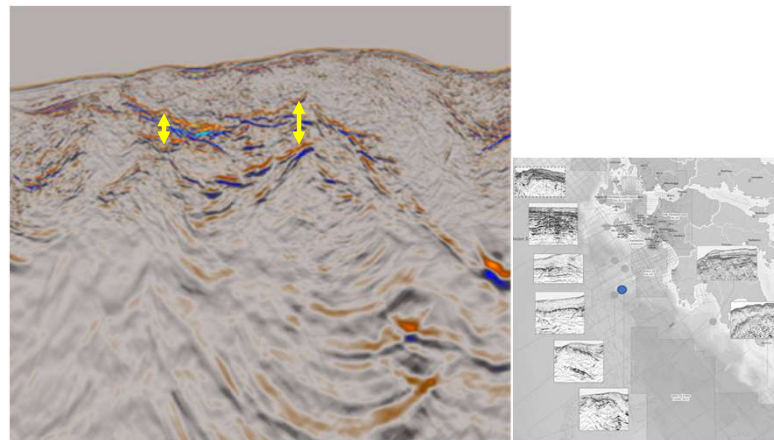


- Intra Platform Unconformities and
- Truncations on intra-cretaceous unconformity

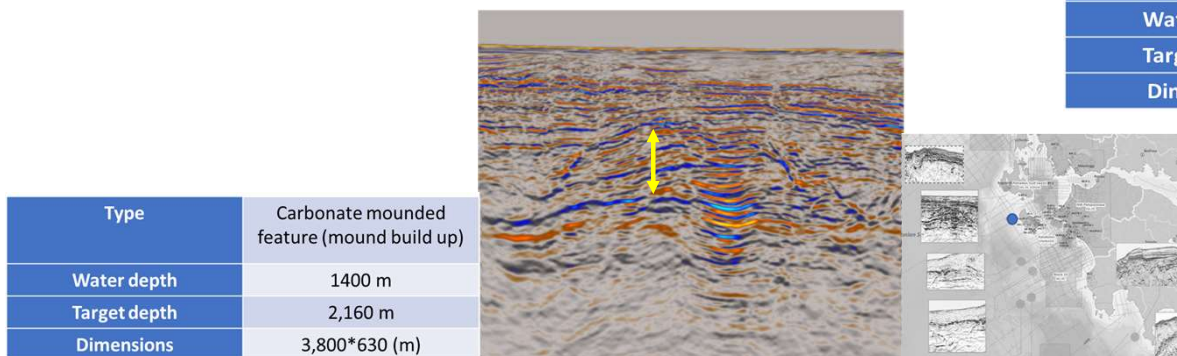
Plays in offshore Central Ionian available acreage



Type	Karstified Carbonate Platform
Water depth	840 m
Target depth	1,100 m
Dimensions	6685*160 (m)

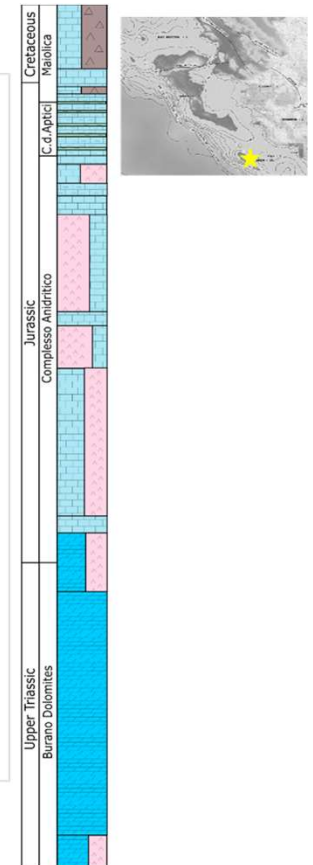
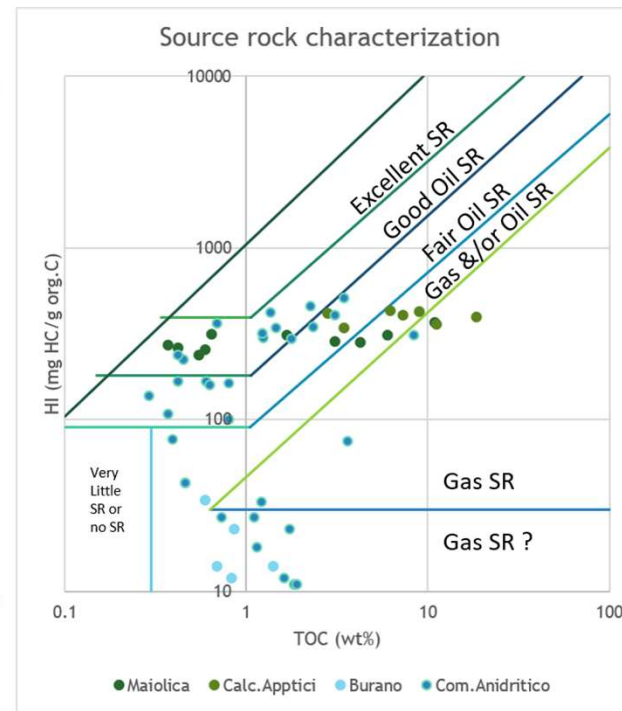
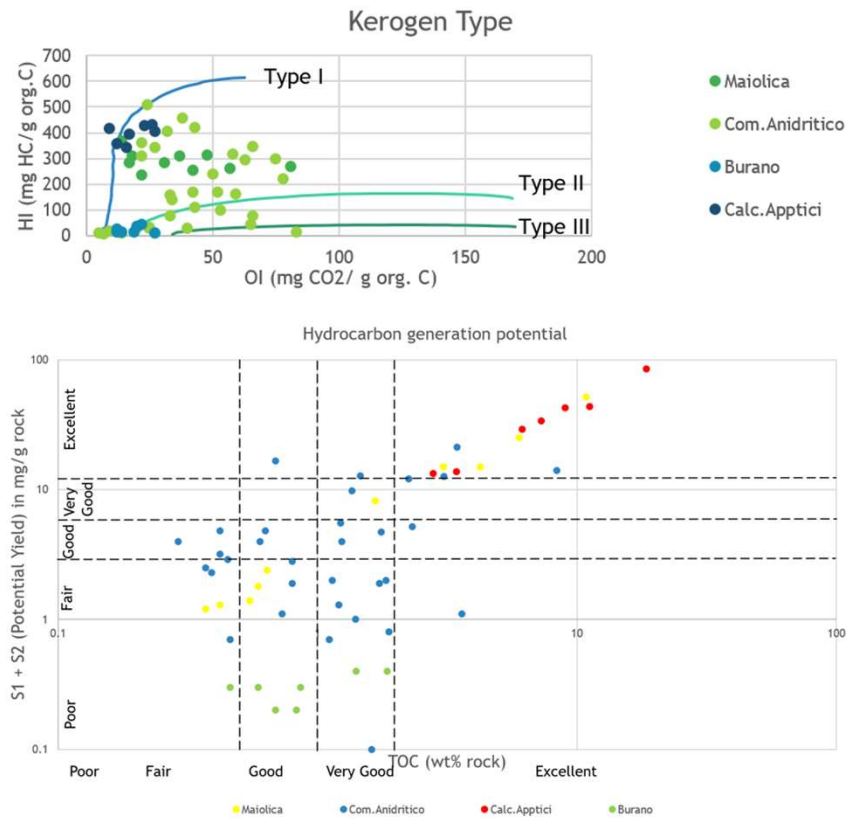


Type	Isolated Carbonate Build-up
Water depth	2,160 m
Target depth	3,060 m
Dimensions	4,260*720 (m)

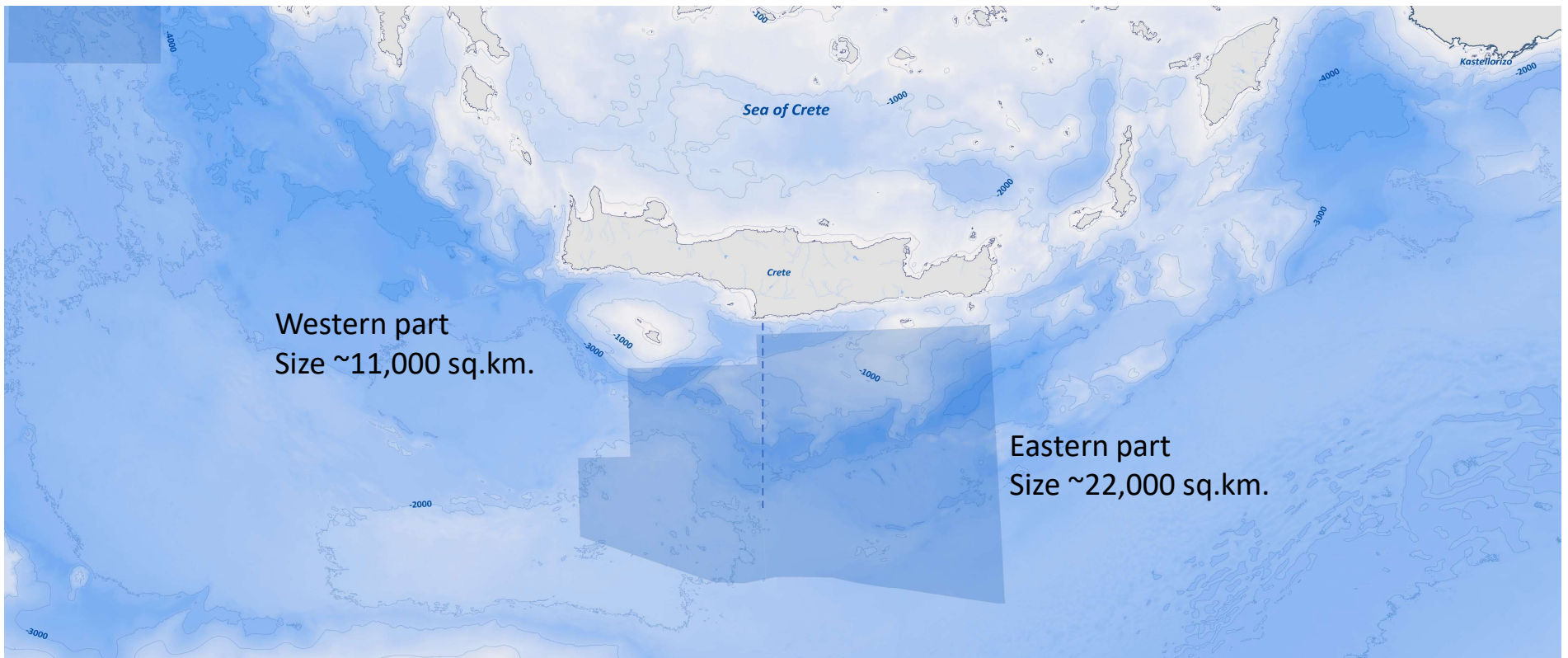


Type	Carbonate mounded feature (mound build up)
Water depth	1400 m
Target depth	2,160 m
Dimensions	3,800*630 (m)

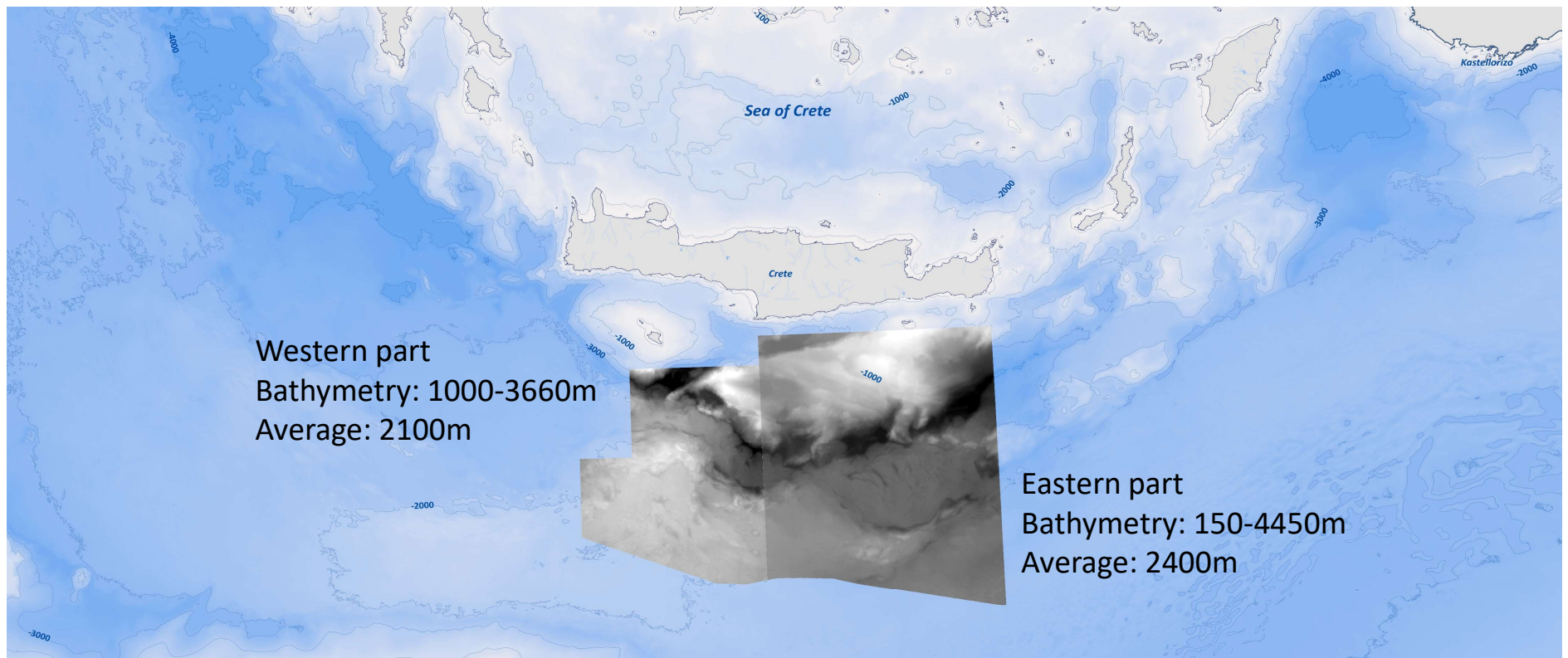
Source rocks North Ionian



Offshore South of Crete Available Acreage



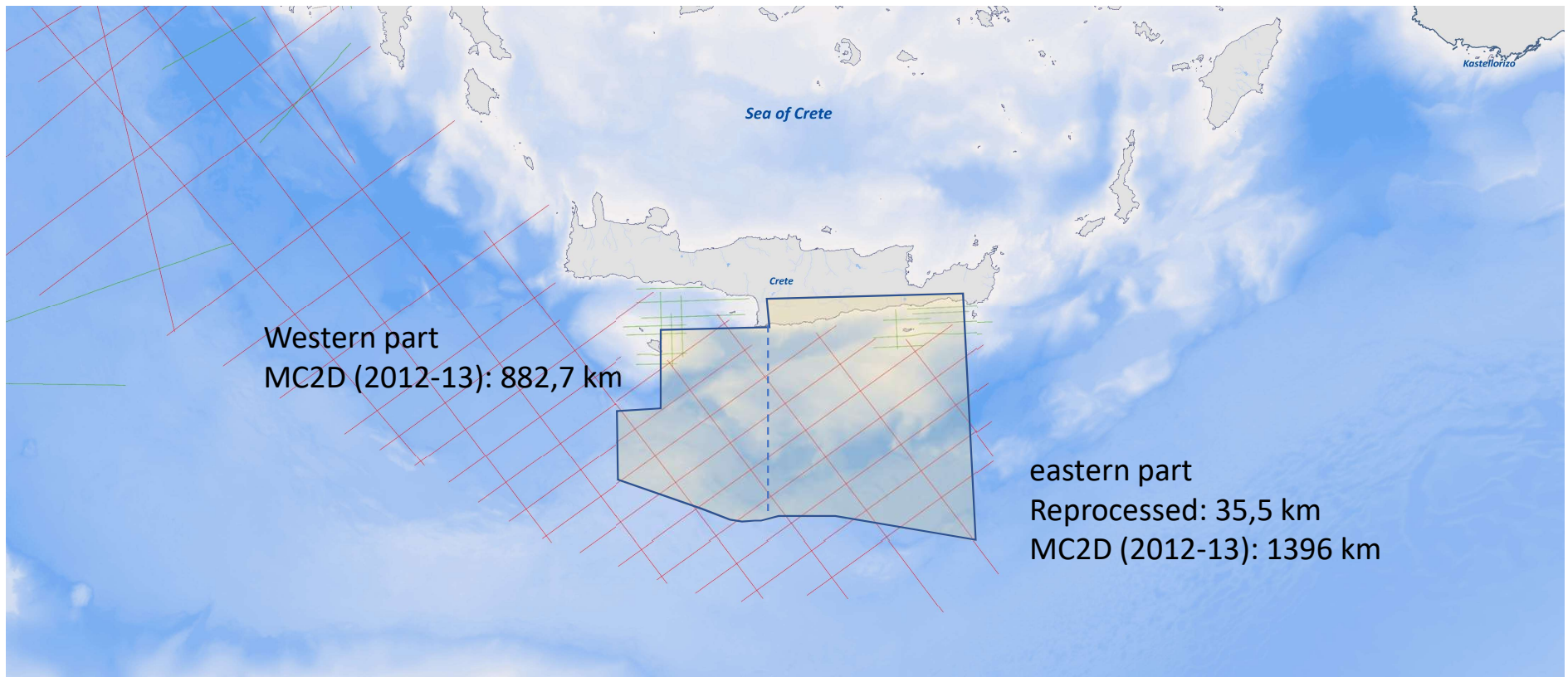
Offshore South of Crete Available Acreage: Bathymetry



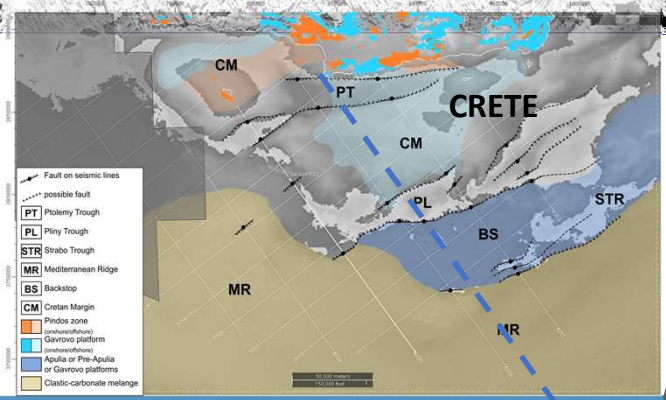
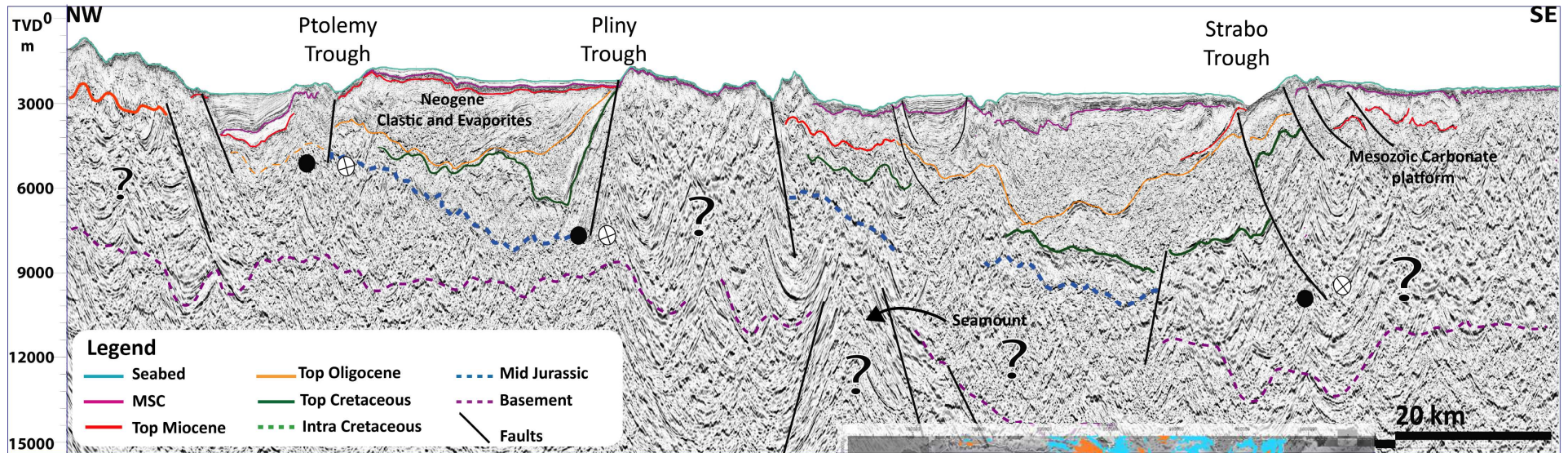
Western part
Bathymetry: 1000-3660m
Average: 2100m

Eastern part
Bathymetry: 150-4450m
Average: 2400m

Offshore South of Crete Available Acreage: Seismic coverage



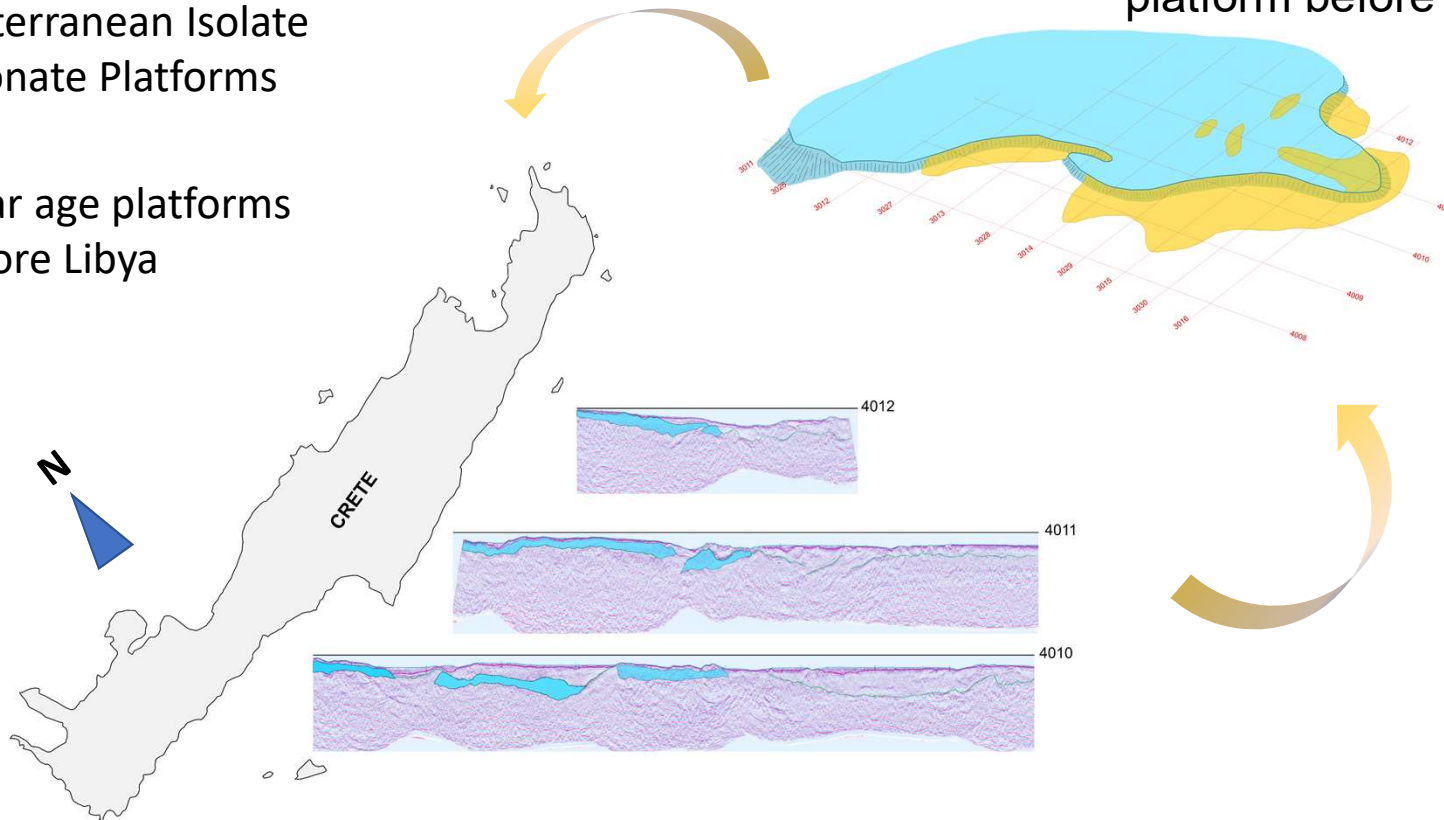
Offshore South Crete



South of Crete in seismic

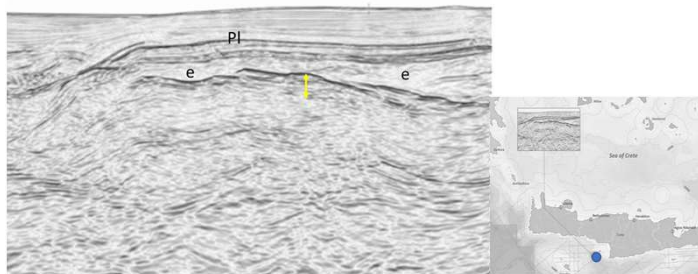
Similarities with other
Mediterranean Isolate
Carbonate Platforms

Similar age platforms
offshore Libya

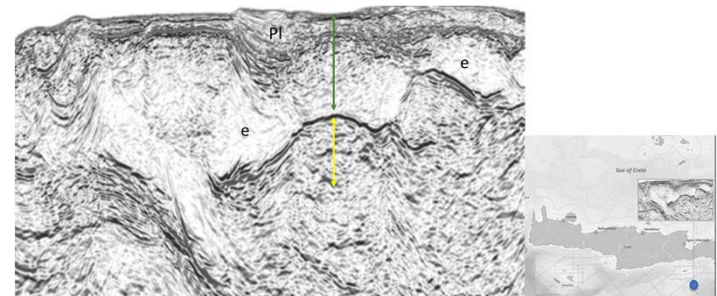


Eocene-Cretaceous carbonate
platform before tectonism

Plays in Offshore South of Crete Available Acreage

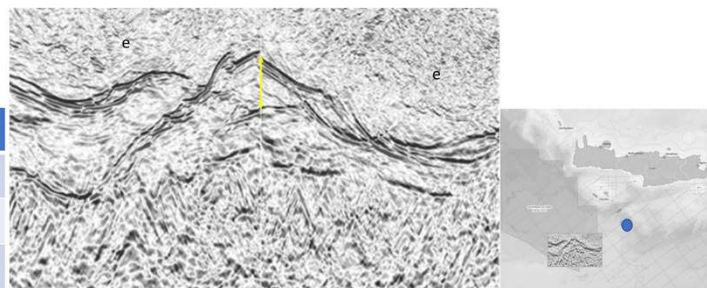


Type	Carbonate Build up
Water Depth	2,500 m
Target Depth	3500 m
Dimensions	H: 400 m , W: 1,500 m



Type	Anticline/Build up
Water Depth	2,890 m
Target Depth	3,700
Dimensions	H: 1,500 m, W: 4,000 m

Type	Carbonate Build up
Water Depth	2,650 m
Target Depth	4,630 m
Dimensions	H: 1,000 m, W: 3,000 m



Summarizing: Hydrocarbons prospectivity

- There is Open Space for new opportunities in offshore of both western Greece and South of Crete Isl.
- Huge acreage is offered for E&P, waiting for Your **Expression of Interest** !
- **Central Ionian Sea** and **South of Crete** areas provide interesting & promising structures and potential for future offshore exploration.

	Ionian	Offshore Crete
Source	Mesozoic/Miocene shales (e.g. Paxi)	Mesozoic/Miocene shales
Plays	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cretaceous to Paleogene karstified platform carbonates (intraplatform to slope plays) 2. Carbonate build ups 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Carbonate build ups (Zohr analogues) 2. Siliciclastics/ (turbidite deposits) pinch-outs
➤ Stratigraphic		
➤ Structural	Faulted blocks	Antiform structures (anticlines)
Seal	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Neogene shales 2. Messinian Evaporites and overlying Pliocene shales (in the southern part) 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Messinian Evaporites 2. Miocene and Pliocene shales

**Visit our Booth #20,
in the International
Pavilion**

T h a n k y o u

Summarizing: Hydrocarbons prospectivity (1/2)

- There is Open Space for new opportunities in offshore of both western Greece and South of Crete Isl.
- Huge acreage is offered for E&P
- **Central Ionian Sea** and **South of Crete** areas provide interesting & promising structures and potential for future offshore exploration
- **Central Ionian Sea**
- **Source: Mesozoic/Miocene shales (Paxi example)**
- **Plays are**
 - mostly stratigraphic and include
 - Cretaceous to Paleogene karstified platform carbonates (intraplatform to slope plays) and
 - carbonate build ups
 - and secondary structural including faulted blocks
- sealed by Neogene shales in the Ionian offshore available acreage, and locally (southern part) by a combination of Messinian Evaporites and overlying Pliocene shales.

Summarizing: Hydrocarbons prospectivity (2/2)

South of Crete Offshore Acreage

- It is a frontier offshore area
- Source: Mesozoic/Miocene shales
- Plays are both stratigraphic and structural, including
 - carbonate build ups (Zohr analogues),
 - antiform structures (anticlines) and
 - siliciclastics (turbidite deposits)/pin-chouts,
- Sealed by Messinian Evaporites and overlying Pliocene shales, or Miocene and Pliocene shales